

Road Trip Safety



Japanese traffic rule check (quiz): 14 questions in all

日本交通規則檢查(測驗): 14 個問題

일본 교통 규칙 검사 (퀴즈) : 모두 14 문항

การตรวจสอบกฎจราจรของญี่ปุ่น (แบบทดสอบ): มีคำถามทั้งหมด 14 ข้อ

Pemeriksaan peraturan trafik Jepun (kuiz): 14 soalan dalam semua

Start

Quiz about road safety rules in Japan (14 questions)

Please select your country.







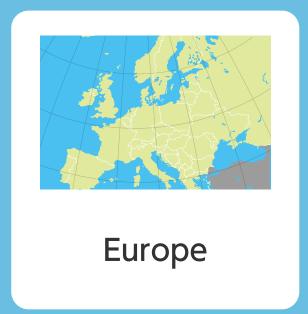












Other countries

Next

請輸入您的信息

Please enter your information



時代 Generation 青少年 Teens

四十多歲 Forties 二十多歲 Twenties

五十多歲 Fifties 三十多歲 Thirties

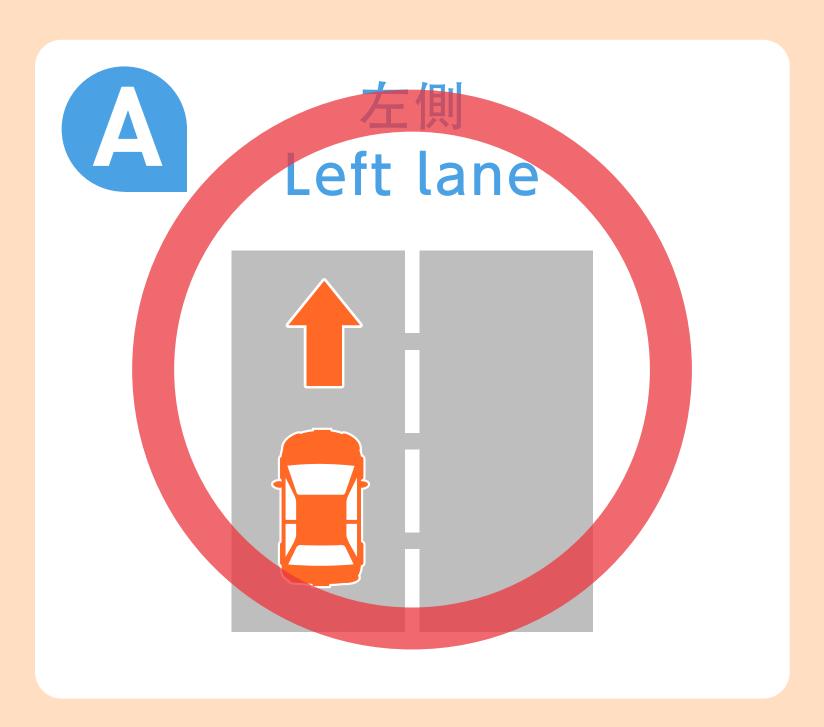
超过60歲 Over sixty

在日本,您駕駛在路的哪一側?

In Japan, which side of the road should you drive on?





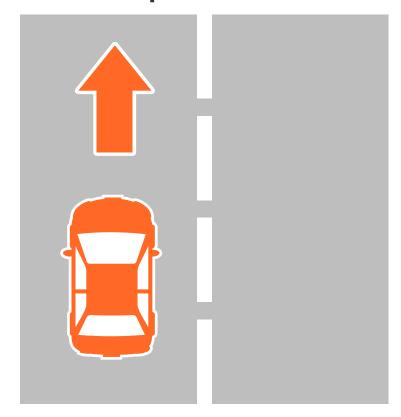






在日本,汽車行駛在左側。

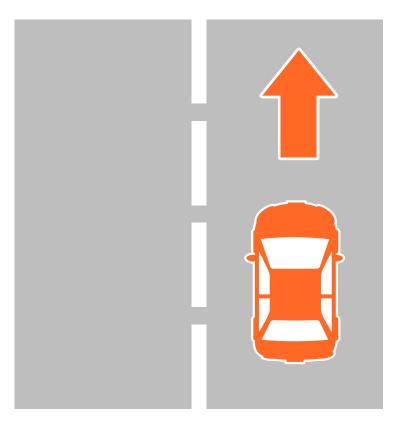
Cars drive on the left side of the road in Japan





臺灣的汽車行駛在道路的右側。

Cars drive on the right side of the road in Taiwan



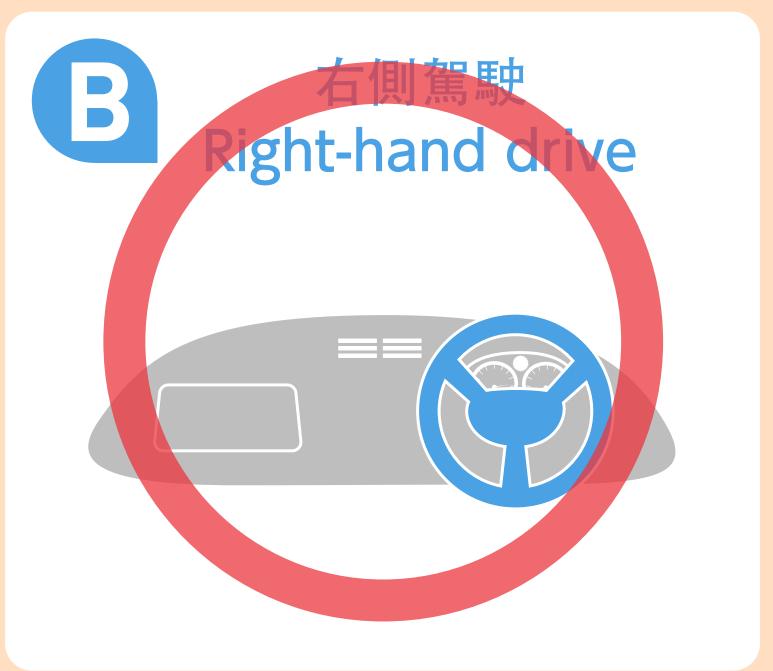
在日本,駕駛盤在哪一側?

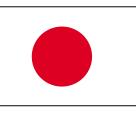
In Japan, which side is the steering wheel on?





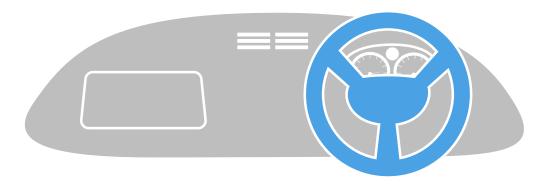






在日本,汽車行駛在公路的左側。一般上,駕駛盤是在汽車的右側。在另一側駕駛是很危險的。駕駛時請小心。

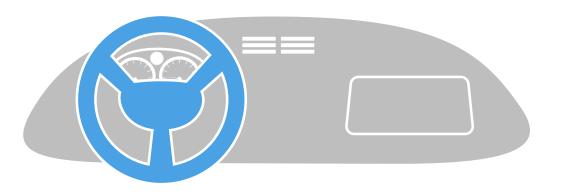
In Japan, cars drive on the left side of the road. Generally, the steering wheel is on right side of the car. It is dangerous to drive on the opposite side. Please be aware of this when driving.





在臺灣的車輛一般也是左側駕駛的。

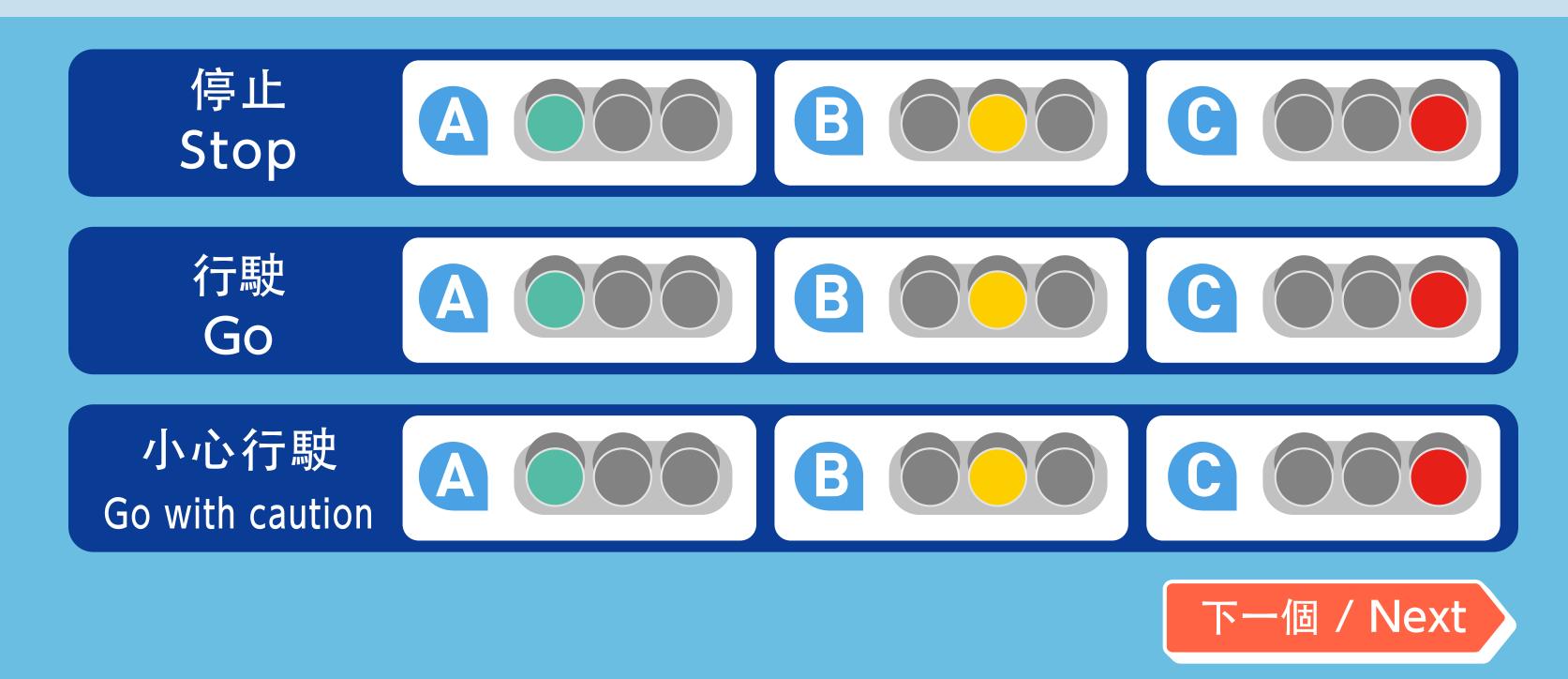
In Taiwan, vehicles are generally left-hand drive.

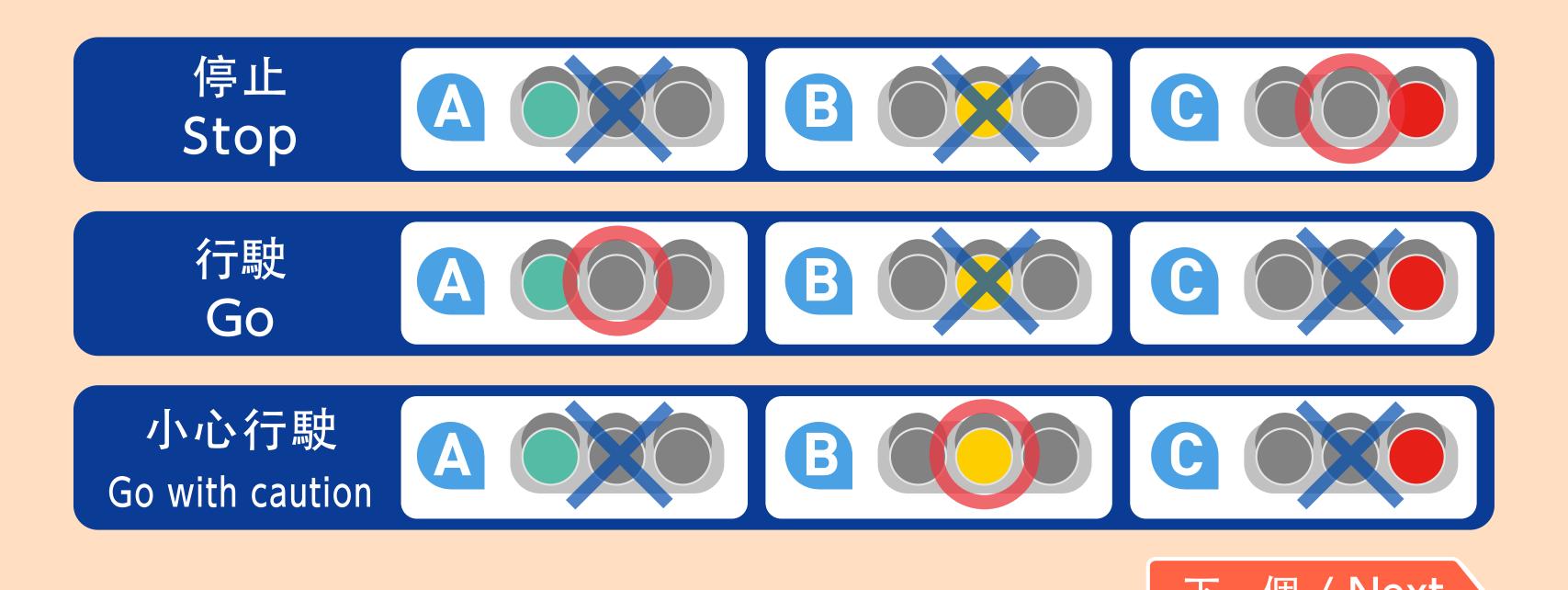


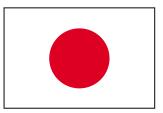
0.03

請選擇每個交通燈顏色所代表的正確的顏色。

Please choose the correct answer for each traffic light color meaning.







日本的交通燈 Japanese traffic lights



臺灣的交通燈 Taiwanese traffic lights



日本交通燈顏色的意思如下。請記住:

①紅色:停止(在停駛牌前停駛)

②藍色(綠色): 行駛(請向前行駛,或轉右或左)

③黄色(橙色):請小心行駛

(如果您停駛,請不要在停駛牌前停駛)。

The meaning of Japanese traffic light colors are as follows. Please take note:

1 Red: Stop (Stop at the Stop sign)

2 Blue (Green): Go (Proceed forward, or turn right or left)

③ Yellow (Orange): Go with caution (If you stop, do not go ahead of the Stop sign).

在日本,在十字路口的正確答案?

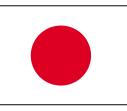
In Japan, which is the correct answer at an intersection?











在日本,在十字路口當汽車左轉或右轉時,請注意,優先順序如下:

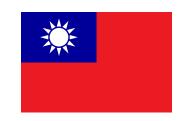
- ①行人擁有優先權(當汽車右轉或左轉)
- ②讓汽車優先權左轉
- ③當您等待右轉時,優先讓即將來臨的汽車

In Japan, when cars turn right or left at an intersection, please take note that the order of priority is as follows:

1) Pedestrians have priority (when cars turn right or left)

- 2 Priority to cars turning left
- 3 Priority to oncoming cars going straight when you are waiting to turn right





臺灣的車輛擁有道路的 優先使用權。

In Taiwan, priority is granted to vehicles



這指示牌是什麼意思?



What is the meaning of this sign?

A

慢行/缓慢 Slow/Yield B

停止 Stop

C

獲准進入 Entry Permitted

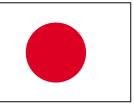
不准停車 No Parking











在日本,汽車是不允許在以下地點停車:

- ①停駛指示牌
- ②紅色閃爍交通燈
- ③在鐵路道口前面

In Japan, cars must Stop at the places below:

- 1) Stop sign
- 2 Red blinking traffic lights
- 3 In front of a railroad crossing





臺灣的停止行駛路標 Stop sign in Taiwan



這個箭頭交通燈的含義是什麼? (單一答案)

What is the meaning of this arrow traffic light? (Single answer)



A

汽車可以直行和左轉 Cars can go straight and turn left B

汽車可以右轉 Cars can turn right

C

電車/有軌電車/ 手推車可以右轉 Trams/streetcars/trolleys can turn right

行人可以直行 Pedestrians can go straight

A

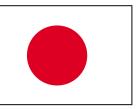
汽車可以直行和左轉 Cars can go straight and turn left B

汽車可以右轉 Cars can turn right

C

電車/有軌電車/ 手推車可以右轉 Trams/streetcars/trolleys can turn right D

行人可以直行 Pedestrians can go straight



在日本,有箭頭交通燈。請注意,車輛可以根據箭頭的方向和顏色前行。

- ①在日本,如果箭頭是綠色的(藍色),即使交通燈為紅色,汽車也可以朝箭頭指向的方向行駛。
- ②如果箭頭是黃色的,即使交通燈是紅色, 只有電車或軌道電車才能朝箭頭指向的方向行駛。



In Japan, there are arrow traffic lights. Please take note that vehicles can go depending on the arrow's direction and color.

- In Japan, if the arrow color is green (blue), cars can go in the direction it is pointing, even if the traffic light is red.
 If the arrow color is yellow, then only trams or
- ② If the arrow color is yellow, then only trams or streetcars can go in the direction it is pointing, even if the traffic light is red.



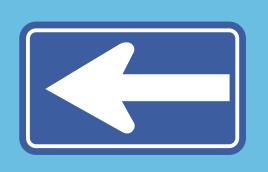
臺灣的箭頭交通燈 Arrow traffic lights in Taiwan



0.07

這個標誌的含義是什麼?

What is the meaning of this sign?



單向行駛 One-way





盆 盆路
Fork in the road

B 不能右轉 No right turns















在日本,你可以看到許多單向標誌和無通路/不能進入標誌。請注意這些標誌。

- ①駕駛人員一定要根據單向標誌所指向的方向前行。
- ②按照指示的方式遵循所有指示標誌。請注意, 因為有許多不同類型的交通標誌,可能是不同於您的國家。

In Japan, you can see many One-Way signs and No Throughfare/Do Not Enter signs. Please take note of those signs.

- 1 Drivers must go in the direction that a One-way sign is pointing.
- 2 Follow all directional signs towards the way they are pointing. Please be careful as there are many different kinds of traffic signs that may be different than in your country.







在臺灣類似的路標 Similar signs in Taiwan





0.08

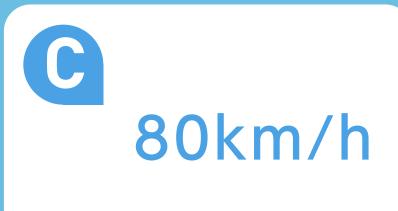
請選擇在日本的正確的時速限制。

Please choose the correct answer for the speed limit in Japan.



A 50km/h









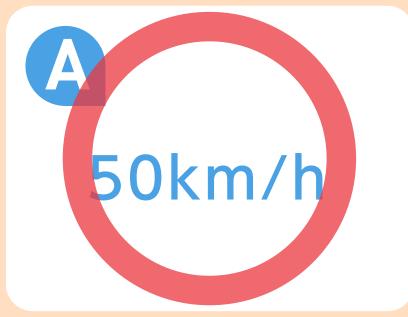
A 100km/h

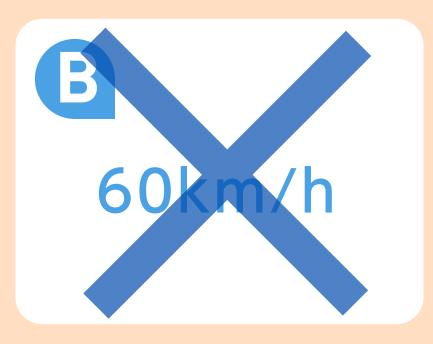




常規道路 Regular roads



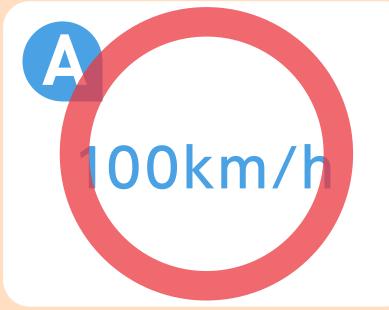


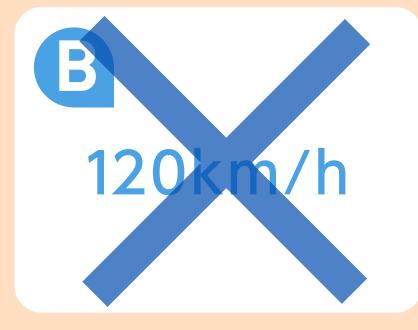




高速公路 Highways











在日本,標誌上顯示的是速度限制,也取決於當前的道路狀況。請遵循限速小心駕駛。如果沒有限速標誌,則常規道路上的最高時速為60公里/小時,高速公路上為100公里/小時。

① 常規道路: 每小時 30-60 公里 ② 高速公路: 每小時 70-100 公里

In Japan, speed limits are shown on signs and is also dependent on current road conditions. Please drive carefully and follow the speed limit. If there are no speed limit signs, the maximum speed is 60 km/h on regular roads and 100 km/h on the highway.

Regular roads: 30-60km/h
 Highways: 70-100km/h



一般道路: 50 公裏 / 小時

高速公路: 110 公裏 / 小時

Regular roads: 50km/h

Highways: 110km/h



在駕駛時允許什麼?

What is allowed while driving?



沒有佩戴安全帶 No seatbelt



B

醉駕 Drunk driving



C

使用手機通話 Talking on the phone



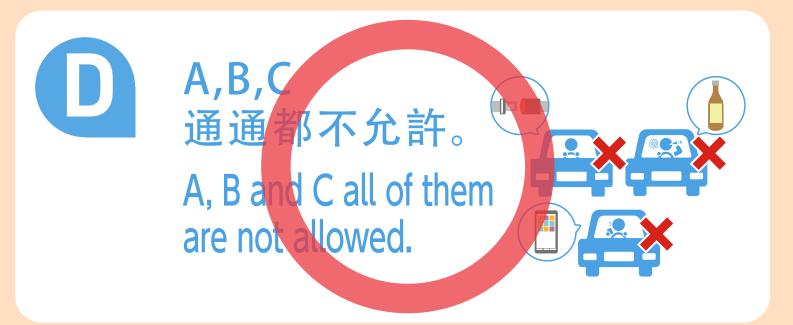
A,B,C 通通都不允許。 A,B and C all of them are not allowed.

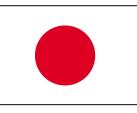












在日本,以下的行為是很危險並且在開車時不允許。這些規定可能與您的國家裡的規定不一樣,所以請注意。

- ①飲酒和開車是不允許的。(喝酒後嚴禁駕駛。這包括啤酒等低含酒精飲料)。
- ②所有車輛乘員(駕駛員座位,乘客座位和後排座位)必須係好安全帶。
- ③駕駛時禁止使用電話或移動設備(交談,發短信,搜索等)。

In Japan, the following behaviors are dangerous and prohibited while driving. These rules may be different than those in your country, so please be aware of them.

- 1) Drinking and driving is prohibited. (It is strictly prohibited to drive after drinking any alcohol. This includes low alcoholic drinks like beer).
- ②All vehicle occupants (in the driver's seat, passenger seats, and back seats) must fasten seatbelts.
- ③Use of phones or devices (talking, texting, searching, etc.) is prohibited while driving.



- ① 在臺灣,喝酒駕車是被禁止的 (酒精濃度水平的罰款) 血液酒精含量: 0.02 毫克 / 100 毫升或 0.05%
- ② 必須時刻佩戴安全帶。
- In Taiwan, drinking and driving is prohibited (Penalty for alcohol concentration level) Blood-alcohol level: 0.02mg/100ml or 0.05%
- 2 Seatbelts must always be worn.

在日本停泊時,允許以下哪項?(多個答案)

Which of the following is the allowed when parking in Japan? (multiple answers)



在公共停車場停泊。 Parking in a public car parking lot.









在便利店長期停泊。 Long-term parking at a convenience store.





停泊在顯示下方 標誌的路邊。

Parking on the side of the road that displays the sign below.





停泊在顯示下方標誌的路邊。

Parking on the side of the road that displays the sign below.





在公共停車場停泊。 Parking in a public car parking lot.







停泊在顯示下方標誌的路邊。

Parking on the side of the road that displays the sign below.





停泊在顯示下方 標誌的路邊。

Parking on the side of the road that displays the sign below.





在日本,允許在以下地區停車:

- ①在您將使用商店和設施的公共停車場。 (在便利店停車不算禮儀,但不要使用)。
- ②在收費停車場。
- ③在顯示停車標誌的道路一側。 (如果您停放在沒有停車標誌的道路上,您可能會被罰款)。

In Japan, parking in the following areas are allowed:

- 1 In a public parking lot where you will use the stores and facilities.
 - (It is considered poor etiquette to park at convenience stores but do not use them).
- ② At a toll parking lot.
- 3 On the side of the road that displays the parking sign. (If you park on a road with no parking sign, you may risk getting a fine).



(不可停車區域) 交通標誌顯示"不可停車"區域 距離十字路口 5 米裏不可停車

(No Parking Area)
Traffic sign shows "No stopping" area
No parking within 5 meters from an
intersection

Q. 11

與乾燥的道路相比,在寒冷的冬季道路上滑得多嗎?

How much more slippery is it on an icy winter road compared to a dry road?



A 沒有區別 No difference 滑大約兩倍 About 2 times more slippery

滑大约5倍 About 5 times more slippery 滑大约10倍 About 10 times more slippery











冬天的道路比干燥的道路要滑 10 倍。請負責任地並緩慢地開車。因為道路可能看起來乾燥,但實際上是結冰的,所以在冬天時要格外小心。

A winter road is 10 times more slippery compared to a dry road. Please drive slowly and responsibly. Take extra care during winter since roads may look dry but is actually icy.





在冬季駕駛時請選擇正確的答案。

Please choose the correct answer when driving in winter conditions.

在另一輛車後面的距離

(與乾燥路況相比)

The following distance behind another car

(comparing to dry road conditions)







行駛速度

(與乾路況相比)

The driving speed

(Compared to dry road conditions)







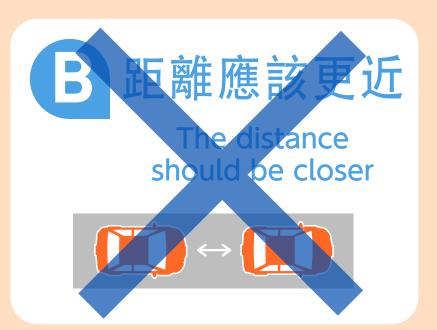
在另一輛車後面的距離

(與乾燥路況相比)

The following distance behind another car

(comparing to dry road conditions)







行駛速度

(與乾路況相比)

The driving speed

(Compared to dry road conditions)









在冬季條件下,與乾燥道路相比,停車要花費更多的時間和距離。 請在另一輛車後面留下更多的距離,放慢速度,安全行駛。

In winter conditions, it takes much more time and distance to stop your car compared to dry roads. Please leave more following distance behind another car, slow down, and drive safe.





請選擇在冬季時正確的刹車答案。

Please choose the correct answer for braking in winter conditions.



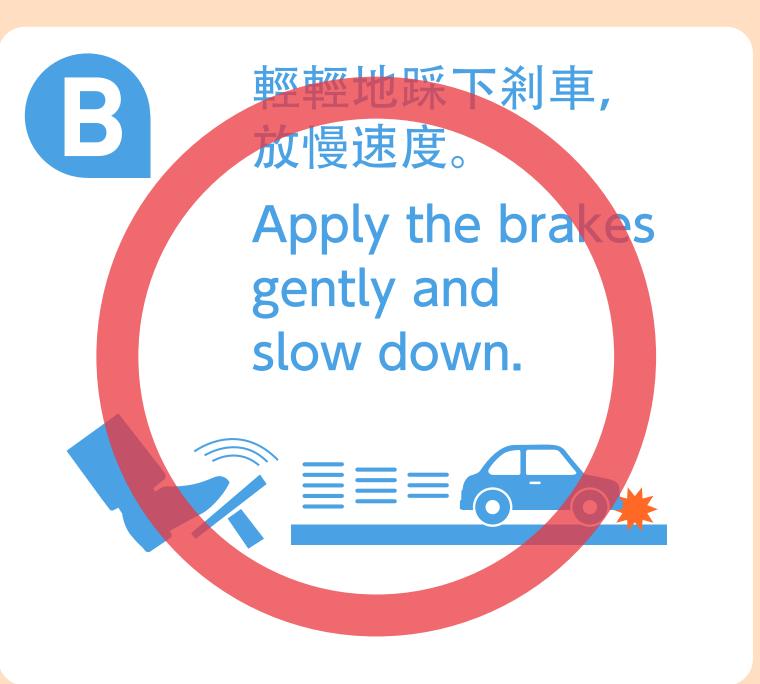


輕輕地踩下剎車,放慢速度。

Apply the brakes gently and slow down.









在冬季條件下,與乾燥道路相比,停車要花費更多的時間和距離。請在另一輛車後面留下更多的距離,放慢速度,安全行駛。請選擇在冬季時正確的剎車答案。 突然猛踩剎车。輕輕地踩下剎車,放慢速度。

關於 ABS 另外現在在日本,大部分租賃車都導入了 Antilock Brake System (ABS)。

ABS 是緊急狀況發生時,強踩剎車也不會鎖住輪胎的系統。

ABS 起動時, 就算踏板發生震動也可以一邊繼續踩刹車, 一邊操作方向盤來控制車的移動。

When slamming on the brakes on icy roads, the steering wheel will lock up and your car will slip out of control. Avoid slamming on the brakes and instead, gently apply the brakes to slow down before coming to a complete stop.

About ABS In Japan, most rental cars have an anti-lock brake system (ABS). A car equipped with an ABS prevents the wheels from locking up, even if a driver slams on the brakes. When ABS is active, the brake pedal will suddenly vibrate. Continue stepping on the brake pedal even as it is vibrating and point the car in the direction you want to go using the steering wheel.



Q. 14

請選擇在冬季危險區域(道路彎曲,隧道出口)行駛的正確答案。

Please choose the correct answer for driving in dangerous areas (curves in the road, tunnel exits) during winter.

如何在彎曲的道路上駕駛。

How to drive on curvy roads.





如何在隧道 出口附近 開車。

How to drive near tunnel exits.





如何在彎曲的道路上駕駛。

How to drive on curvy roads.



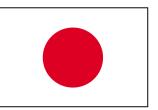


如何在隧道 出口附近 開車。

How to drive near tunnel exits.







在冬季,與乾燥的道路條件相比,道路更加滑溜。注意安全駕駛,尤其是在下列地點附近。

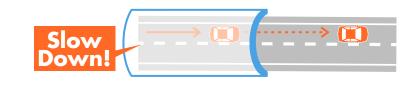
①彎道:轉彎時路面變得特別危險。在進入彎道之前減速並緩慢轉動。

②隧道:隧道內通常是乾燥的。但是,出口經常是冰冷的,如果以相同的速度從隧道出來,可能會導致您的車輛打滑。在隧道出口前降低速度。

In winter, roads are much more slippery compared to dry road conditions. Take care to drive safely, especially near the following places.

- ①Curves: Turns in the road become especially dangerous when it is slippery. Reduce speed before going into curves and make turns slowly.
- 2 Tunnel: It is usually dry inside a tunnel. However, the exit is often icy and may cause your car to slip if you come out of a tunnel at the same speed. Reduce speed before the tunnel exit.





對日本交通規則的理解檢查

Comprehension check of traffic rules in Japan

	▮您的答案 ▮	您的分數
	Your Answer	Your score
••••••••••••		
Q.01 駕駛車道 / Driving lane		
Q.02 駕駛盤 /Steering wheel		
Q.03 交通燈 /Traffic lights	×	
Q.04 十字路口的規則 /Rules of the intersection	×	
Q.05 停止標誌 /Stop sign		
Q.06 箭頭交通燈 / Arrow traffic lights	0	
Q.07 單向 /One-way		
Q.08 限速 /Speed limits	<u> </u>	
Q.09 驾驶时的规则 /Rules while driving	X	
Q.10 停泊 /Parking		14
Q.11 冬天道路的路滑狀況 /Slippery conditions on winter roads	×	
Q.12 冬季驾驶 /Winter driving	X	
Q.13 冬季制動車 /Braking in winter		
Q.14 冬季特別危險的地方 /Especially dangerous areas in winter		下一個 / Next
. , ,		







完成 / Finish